



CE  
0102



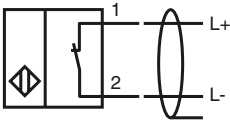
### Model Number

NCB10-30GM40-N0-10M-OG

### Features

- 10 mm flush
- Shielded PUR cable for oil and gas sector

### Connection

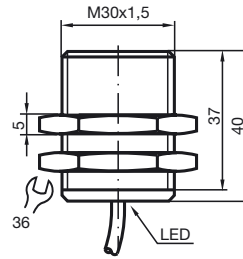


### Accessories

#### BF 30

Mounting flange, 30 mm

### Dimensions



### Technical Data

#### General specifications

|                            |                    |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Switching element function | NAMUR, NC          |
| Rated operating distance   | $s_n$ 10 mm        |
| Installation               | flush              |
| Output polarity            | NAMUR              |
| Assured operating distance | $s_a$ 0 ... 8.1 mm |
| Reduction factor $r_{Al}$  | 0.32               |
| Reduction factor $r_{Cu}$  | 0.32               |
| Reduction factor $r_{304}$ | 0.72               |

#### Nominal ratings

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Nominal voltage              | $U_o$ 8 V   |
| Switching frequency          | f 0 ... 650 Hz                                      |
| Hysteresis                   | H 1 ... 10 typ. 5 %                                 |
| Reverse polarity protection  | reverse polarity protected                          |
| Short-circuit protection     | yes   |
| Suitable for 2:1 technology  | yes, Reverse polarity protection diode not required |
| Current consumption          |   |
| Measuring plate not detected | ≥ 3 mA  |
| Measuring plate detected     | ≤ 1 mA  |
| Switching state indication   | LED, yellow   |

#### Functional safety related parameters

|                                |        |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| MTTF <sub>d</sub>              | 1870 a |
| Mission Time (T <sub>M</sub> ) | 20 a   |
| Diagnostic Coverage (DC)       | 0 %    |

#### Ambient conditions

|                     |                                |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ambient temperature | -25 ... 80 °C (-13 ... 176 °F) |
| Storage temperature | -40 ... 80 °C (-40 ... 176 °F) |

#### Mechanical specifications

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Connection type    | cable PUR (halogen-free), 10 m, screened, Oil resistant, Flame-retardant as per IEC 60332-1 |
| Core cross-section | 2x 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>  |
| Housing material   | Stainless steel 1.4305 / AISI 303   |
| Sensing face       | PBT   |
| Protection degree  | IP66 / IP67   |
| Note               | The shield is not connected to the sensor.  |

#### General information

|                           |                         |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Use in the hazardous area | see instruction manuals |
| Category                  | 1G; 2G; 3G; 1D          |

#### Compliance with standards and directives

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Standard conformity |   |
| NAMUR               | EN 60947-5-6:2000<br>IEC 60947-5-6:1999 |
| Standards           | EN 60947-5-2:2007<br>IEC 60947-5-2:2007 |

#### Approvals and certificates

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| CCC approval | CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V |
|--------------|--|

**ATEX 1G**

## Instruction

Device category 1G  
 EC-Type Examination Certificate  
 CE marking

## ATEX marking

Directive conformity  
 Standards

## Appropriate type

Effective internal capacitance  $C_i$   
 Effective internal inductance  $L_i$   
 Cable length

## Explosion group IIA

## Explosion group IIB

## Explosion group IIC

## General

## Ambient temperature

## Installation, Commissioning

## Maintenance

**Specific conditions**

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

**Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas**

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist  
 PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X  
 CE 0102

Ex II 1G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga

94/9/EG

EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-11:2007, EN 60079-26:2007

Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

NCB10-30GM...-N0...

$\leq 105$  nF ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

$\leq 100$   $\mu$ H ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

Dangerous electrostatic charges on the fixed connection cable must be taken into account for lengths equal to and exceeding the following values:

67 cm

33 cm

5 cm

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9/EG and hence also EC-Type Examination Certificates apply in general only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions.

The use in ambient temperatures of  $> 60$  °C was tested with regard to hot surfaces by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate. Note: Use the temperature table for category 1 !!! The 20 % reduction in accordance with EN 1127-1:2007 has already been accounted for in the temperature table for category 1.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.

The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

The associated apparatus must satisfy the requirements of category ia.

Due to the possible danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation of the power supply and signal circuit is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-14 are met.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below  $-20$  °C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding. When used in group IIC non-permissible electrostatic charges should be avoided on the plastic housing parts.

**ATEX 2G**

Instruction

**Device category 2G**

EC-Type Examination Certificate

CE marking

ATEX marking

Directive conformity

Standards

Appropriate type

Effective internal capacitance  $C_i$ Effective internal inductance  $L_i$ 

General

Ambient temperature

Installation, Commissioning

Maintenance

**Specific conditions**

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

**Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas**

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist

PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X

CE 0102

Ex II 1G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga

94/9/EG

EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-11:2007

Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

NCB10-30GM...-N0...

 $\leq 105$  nF ; a cable length of 10 m is considered. $\leq 100$   $\mu$ H ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9/EG and hence also EC-Type Examination Certificates apply in general only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions.

The use in ambient temperatures of  $> 60$  °C was tested with regard to hot surfaces by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below  $-20$  °C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

**ATEX 1D**

Instruction

**Device category 1D**

EC-Type Examination Certificate

CE marking

ATEX marking

Directive conformity

Standards

Appropriate type

Effective internal capacitance  $C_i$ Effective internal inductance  $L_i$ 

General

Maximum housing surface temperature

Installation, Commissioning

Maintenance

**Specific conditions**

Electrostatic charging

**Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas**

for use in hazardous areas with combustible dust

ZELM 03 ATEX 0128 X

CE 0102

II 1D Ex iaD 20 T 108 °C (226.4 °F)

94/9/EG

IEC 61241-11:2002: draft; prEN61241-0:2002

type of protection intrinsic safety "iD"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

NCB10-30GM...-N0...

≤ 105 nF ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

≤ 100 μH ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed.

The special conditions must be adhered to!

The maximum surface temperature of the housing is given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.

The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

The associated apparatus must satisfy at least the requirements of category Ia IIB or iaD. Because of the possibility of the danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation in the power supply and signal circuits is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-14 are met.

The intrinsically safe circuit has to be protected against influences due to lightning.

When used in the isolating wall between Zone 20 and Zone 21 or Zone 21 und Zone 22 the sensor must not be exposed to any mechanical danger and must be sealed in such a way, that the protective function of the isolating wall is not impaired. The applicable directives and standards must be observed.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas.

Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

The connection cables are to be laid in accordance with EN 50281-1-2 and must not normally be subjected to chaffing during use.

**ATEX 3G (ic)**

Instruction

**Device category 3G (ic)**

CE marking

ATEX marking

Directive conformity

Standards

Effective internal capacitance  $C_i$ Effective internal inductance  $L_i$ 

General

Installation, Commissioning

Maintenance

**Specific conditions**Maximum permissible ambient temperature  $T_{Umax}$  at  $U_i = 20 V$ for  $P_i=34 mW$ ,  $I_i=25 mA$ , T6for  $P_i=34 mW$ ,  $I_i=25 mA$ , T5for  $P_i=34 mW$ ,  $I_i=25 mA$ , T4-T1for  $P_i=64 mW$ ,  $I_i=25 mA$ , T6for  $P_i=64 mW$ ,  $I_i=25 mA$ , T5for  $P_i=64 mW$ ,  $I_i=25 mA$ , T4-T1for  $P_i=169 mW$ ,  $I_i=52 mA$ , T6for  $P_i=169 mW$ ,  $I_i=52 mA$ , T5for  $P_i=169 mW$ ,  $I_i=52 mA$ , T4-T1for  $P_i=242 mW$ ,  $I_i=76 mA$ , T6for  $P_i=242 mW$ ,  $I_i=76 mA$ , T5for  $P_i=242 mW$ ,  $I_i=76 mA$ , T4-T1

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

Connection parts

**Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas**

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist

CE 0102

II 3G Ex ic IIC T6 Gc X

94/9/EG

EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-11:2007 Ignition protection category "ic"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

 $\leq 105 nF$  ; a cable length of 10 m is considered. $\leq 100 \mu H$  ; A cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. The data stated in the data sheet are restricted by this operating instruction!

The special conditions must be observed!

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. The sensor must only be operated with energy-limited circuits, which satisfy the requirements of IEC 60079-11. The explosion group complies with the connected, supplying, power limiting circuit.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas.

Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

55 °C (131 °F)

55 °C (131 °F)

55 °C (131 °F)

55 °C (131 °F)

55 °C (131 °F)

55 °C (131 °F)

52 °C (125.6 °F)

52 °C (125.6 °F)

52 °C (125.6 °F)

44 °C (111.2 °F)

44 °C (111.2 °F)

44 °C (111.2 °F)

The sensor must not be mechanically damaged.

When used in the temperature range below -20 °C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

The connection parts are to be installed, such that a minimum protection class of IP20 is achieved, in accordance with IEC 60529.