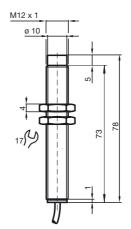
Dimensions

Technical Data General specifications







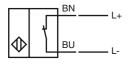
Model Number

NJ4-12GM-N-Y19785

Features

- Comfort series
- 4 mm non-flush

Connection



NAMUR, NC Switching element function Rated operating distance Installation 4 mm non-flush Output polarity NAMUR Assured operating distance 0 ... 3.24 mm Reduction factor r_{Al} Reduction factor r_{Cu} 0.4 0.3 Reduction factor r₃₀₄ 0.85 **Nominal ratings** Uo Nominal voltage 8 V Switching frequency 0 ... 1500 Hz Current consumption ≥ 3 mA Measuring plate not detected ≤ 1 mA Measuring plate detected **Ambient conditions** -25 ... 100 °C (-13 ... 212 °F) Ambient temperature Mechanical specifications Connection type cable PVC , 2 m 0.34 mm² Core cross-section Housing material Stainless steel 1.4305 / AISI 303 Sensing face Protection degree IP68 General information Use in the hazardous area see instruction manuals Category 1G; 2G; 1D Compliance with standards and directives Standard conformity NAMUR EN 60947-5-6:2000

IEC 60947-5-6:1999 EN 60947-5-2:2007 Standards IEC 60947-5-2:2007

Approvals and certificates

UL approval	cULus Listed, General Purpose
CSA approval	cCSAus Listed, General Purpose

ATEX 1G

Instruction

Device category 1G Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE marking

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate

Appropriate type

Effective internal capacitance Ci Effective internal inductance L

Cable length

Explosion group IIA Explosion group IIB Explosion group IIC General

Highest permissible ambient temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

Specific conditions

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist 94/9/FG

EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-11:2007, EN 60079-26:2007 Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety"
Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

C€0102

⟨ы⟩ II 1G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga

PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X

NJ 4-12GM-N...

≤ 45 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered. $\leq 50~\mu H$; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

Dangerous electrostatic charges on the fixed connection cable must be taken into account for lengths equal to and exceeding the following values:

48 cm 7 cm

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data

sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9/EG and hence also EC-Type Examination Certificates apply in general only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions. The use in ambient temperatures of > 60 °C was tested with regard to hot surfaces

by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate. Note: Use the temperature table for category 1 !!! The 20 % reduction in accordance with EN 1127-1:2007 has already been accounted for in the temperature table for category 1.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.

The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

The associated apparatus must satisfy the requirements of category ia. Due to the possible danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation of the power supply and signal circuit is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-14 are met.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below -20 °C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges on the metal housing components must be avoided. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the metal housing components can be avoided by incorporating these components in the equipotential bonding

ATEX 2G

Instruction

Device category 2G

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE marking

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate Appropriate type Effective internal capacitance Ci

Effective internal inductance Li General

Highest permissible ambient temperature

Installation Comissioning

Maintenance

Specific conditions

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist

EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-11:2007 Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety"
Use is restricted to the following stated conditions **C**€0102

⟨Ex⟩ II 1G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga

PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X

NJ 4-12GM-N...

≤ 45 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

 $\leq 50~\mu H$; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9/EG and hence also EC-Type Examination Certificates apply in general only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions. The use in ambient temperatures of > 60 $^{\circ}$ C was tested with regard to hot surfaces

by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below -20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

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ATEX 1D

Instruction

Device category 1D

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE marking

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate

Appropriate type

Effective internal capacitance Ci

Effective internal inductance L

General

Maximum housing surface temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

Specific conditions

Electrostatic charging

Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with combustible dust 94/9/EG

IEC 61241-11:2002: draft; prEN61241-0:2002 type of protection intrinsic safety "iD"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

C € 0102

⟨Ex⟩ II 1D Ex iaD 20 T 108 °C (226.4 °F)

The Ex-relevant identification may also be printed on the accompanying adhesive

ZELM 03 ATEX 0128 X

NJ 4-12GM-N...

 \leq 45 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

≤ 50 µH; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed.

The special conditions must be adhered to!

The maximum surface temperature of the housing is given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed

The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related

apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety. The associated apparatus must satisfy at least the requirements of category ia IIB or iaD. Because of the possibility of the danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation in the power supply and signal circuits is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-14 are met.

The intrinsically safe circuit has to be protected against influences due to lightning. When used in the isolating wall between Zone 20 and Zone 21 or Zone 21 und Zone 22 the sensor must not be exposed to any mechanical danger and must be sealed in such a way, that the protective function of the isolating wall is not impaired. The applicable directives and standards must be observed. If the Ex-relevant identification is exclusively printed on the included adhesive label,

this must be applied in the direct vicinity of the sensor! The surface to which the label is to applied must be clean and free from grease! The applied adhesive label must be durable adlegible to protect it against the possibility of chemical corrosion!

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

The connection cables are to be laid in accordance with EN 50281-1-2 and must not normally be subjected to chaffing during use